JOB SAFETY & TRAINING Minnesota Municipal Utilities Association

This program has been developed and modified for use by:

Grand Rapids Public Utilities

AWAIR —

$\underline{A} \ \underline{W}$ orkplace \underline{A} ccident & \underline{I} njury

Reduction Program

MMUA - JOB SAFETY & TRAINING

AWAIR Program

© Minnesota Municipal Utilities Association 3131 Fernbrook Lane North • Suite 200 Plymouth, MN 55447-5337 Phone 763.551.1230 • Fax 763.551.0459 www.mmua.org

Table of Contents

	<u>Page(s)</u>
Introduction	1
Policy Statement	
Approval and Revisions	3
Application	3
Objectives and Goals	4
Safety Committee	
Roles and Responsibilities	5-7
Enforcement/Accountability	7
Hazard Identification/Analysis/Control	8
Communication	9
Contractor Duties	10
Accident Investigation	11-12
Evaluation	13
Appendices to follow	
Forms to follow	

Introduction

In 1990, the State of Minnesota amended the Occupational Safety and Health Act. Minnesota Statutes Chapter 182.653 subd.8 requires employers in certain industries to develop written, comprehensive workplace safety and health programs which are based on the NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) system. This legislation is known as A Workplace Accident and Injury Reduction (AWAIR) Act. Programs developed to comply with the act are known as AWAIR programs. The requirements of the legislation that are addressed and complied with in our program are as follows:

- 1. How managers, supervisors and employees are responsible for implementing the program and how continued participation of management will be established, measured, and maintained.
- 2. The methods used to identify, analyze and control new or existing hazards, conditions, and operations.
- 3. How the plan will be communicated to all affected employees so that they are informed of work-related hazards and controls.
- 4. How workplace accidents will be investigated, and corrective action implemented; and
- 5. How safe work practices and rules will be enforced.

MN OSHA has adopted a list of NAICS codes that we have determined to exist within our jurisdiction as a public entity. These departments are under our blanket AWAIR program. The NAICS codes for the departments under our AWAIR Program are highlighted on the listing in Appendix A.

Safety Policy Statement

Insert into this paragraph a safety policy statement agreed upon by the Safety Committee and Management.

Safety policy statement to be developed at a later date.

Approval/Revision of Program

The approval of this AWAIR Program is so recorded as such in the minutes of meeting dated *(Insert Date Here).* Approving Authority for program is maintained by *(Insert Name of Approving Authority Here)* as so indicated by the previously stated recording in the meeting minutes.

The Safety Committee annually reviews this program and may make necessary revisions. Revisions are recorded in Appendix C.

The Approving Authority shall retain the responsibility for all policy revisions.

Application

This AWAIR program is intended to serve as an overview of all currently applicable Safety and Health programs. This program outlines the philosophy by which the *Grand Rapids Public Utilities* will develop, implement and maintain all other safety and health programs which concern more specific topics.

While compliance with the law and OSHA standards is an important objective, an effective AWAIR program must be tailored to the *Grand Rapids Public Utilities* particular needs. This program shall look beyond specific legal requirements to identify and analyze existing hazards. It shall seek to prevent injuries and illnesses, even when compliance is not an issue. Ultimately, the program's effectiveness in practice is what is important.

Should a department's operations require the need for a specific addition to this program, said specifics will be added as an addendum for that department and be maintained by that department within their operations.

Goals and Objectives

Central to our AWAIR program are the goals and objectives we've considered. The goals establish the direction for our program and state what we are attempting to achieve through this program. Our goals are generally challenging to reach or complete but are also possible to achieve. The goals are specific to <u>*Grand Rapids*</u> <u>*Public Utilities*</u>. Our objectives are specific actions that we will be taking to attempt to achieve those goals. Our objectives can either be measured or demonstrated.

The Goals and Objectives for our AWAIR program are identified in Appendix B.

Safety Committee

<u>*Grand Rapids Public Utilities*</u> has established a safety committee pursuant to Minnesota Statutes.

The safety committee will hold regularly scheduled meetings

All departments within the city's operations are encouraged to have Representatives on the Safety Committee. All representatives will serve on a voluntary basis. Terms of office will be revisited annually by individual departments. A chairperson and vice chairperson will be elected among the representatives.

Management/Supervisory personnel will have a representative on the safety committee.

The Utilities Commission may have a representative on the safety committee.

Safety Committee members will be able to perform their duties without fear discrimination or retaliation by management or the governing body.

Roles and Responsibilities

For Everyone in the Organization:

All employees, supervisors, and managers, must always follow all safety rules.

For Employees:

- 1. Employees must promptly report any safety and health hazards they observe to their supervisor or safety committee representative.
- 2. An employee's priority is to perform each job task safely. If an employee is unsure how to perform the task safely, he or she must consult with their supervisor.
- 3. Employees must wear personal protective equipment as required for their protection and maintain the equipment in a sanitary manner.
- 4. Employees must report all accidents and near misses to their supervisor immediately upon occurrence.

For Supervisors:

- 1. Supervisors must discuss any current safety issues with their employees at the beginning of all regularly scheduled staff safety meetings or at the tailgate/toolbox meetings.
- 2. Supervisors will address all safety concerns raised by staff by initially investigating the issue, determining if the concern is valid and taking appropriate corrective action whenever necessary. Corrective action can include ordering new equipment, issuing maintenance work orders or consulting with the safety director, the safety committee or upper management.
- 3. Immediately upon learning of an accident or near miss the supervisor must initiate an investigation and submit the completed accident investigation report to the safety director.
- 4. Supervisors will actively and positively participate in all safety committee inspections of their assigned areas.

For Safety Directors:

- 1. The safety director will serve as the lead person in the organization for safety and health issues and will serve as an ex officio member of the safety committee.
- 2. The safety director must review all First Reports of Injury and Accident Investigation Reports with the safety committee and take appropriate action to prevent recurrence.

- 3. The safety director or designee will conduct all safety training required by regulation or identified by management, supervision or the safety committee as a need to assure a safe workplace.
- 4. The safety director will recommend improvements in physical plant, machinery, equipment, raw materials and personal protective equipment to management, supervision, and the safety committee.

For Safety Committees:

- 1. The safety committee are encouraged to conduct monthly meetings and conduct area inspections to review accident reports, identify hazards and address safety concerns raised by employees, first-line supervision or the safety director.
- 2. The safety committee or authorized representative will review the AWAIR program at least annually and make recommendations concerning updates and revisions to the program to senior management and the safety director.
- 3. Safety committee members each represent their work area and, therefore, should address all safety concerns brought to them by their coworkers. These concerns should be handled by initially investigating the issue with the area supervisor to determine if the concern is valid and then, as necessary, and appropriate, bring the issue to the safety director or the full safety committee.

For Management/Administration:

- 1. Managers will communicate to all employees and supervisors the importance of worker safety and health throughout the organization.
- 2. Management shall review all safety concerns brought forward by the safety director, the safety committee or first-line supervision and take appropriate action.
- 3. Management shall review the AWAIR program and any recommended revisions from the safety committee at least annually, make the appropriate revisions and work with the safety director, the safety committee and first-line supervision to communicate the revisions throughout the organization.
- 4. Management also establishes the importance of the AWAIR program, both by the priority they give workplace safety and health issues and by the example they set by initiating safety and health improvements, correcting hazards, enforcing safety rules, rewarding excellent performance in safety and health, and by following all safety rules. Safety and health programs are similar to quality improvement and other efforts organizations engage in to continually improve performance, customer service, competitiveness, organizational culture, etc.

For Elected/Appointed Officials:

- 1. Officials will communicate to all Managerial/Administrative personnel the importance of safety and health throughout the city/utility.
- 2. Elected/Appointed Officials will provide the resources to improve safety and health throughout the entire organization. This includes providing employees and supervisors with the authority to identify and correct hazards, the budget to purchase new equipment or make repairs, the training necessary to work safely and to recognize hazards, and the systems to get repairs made, materials ordered and other improvements accomplished.

Enforcement of Safety and Health Programs

Enforcement of safe work practices should be fair, consistent throughout the city/utility, and based on established policy. Management and supervision should be conscious of the examples they set for the workplace and should obey the same rules as the rest of the workforce.

Unsafe or unhealthy work action by <u>all</u> employees shall be corrected in a timely manner based on the severity of the hazards. The enforcement of the program is based on the following methods:

- 1. Verbal warning
- 2. Written warning
- 3. Leave without pay
- 4. Termination

Or Take Safety Program Enforcement from union contract language agreement or current personnel manual.

Disciplinary action will follow the above sequence unless the situation warrants more severe action.

Not only should negative behavior be discouraged, but positive behavior should be reinforced as well. Exceptional performance or efforts in workplace safety and health should be recognized by the organization.

Hazard Identification, Analysis and Control

<u>Grand Rapids Public Utilities</u> may use the following to Identify, Analyze and Control hazards:

- Walk-around inspections by Supervisors, Management, or the Safety Committee
- > Job or safety hazard analyses of different parts of the operation
- Inspections should be done on a regular basis to identify both newly developed hazards and those previously missed
- Periodic industrial hygiene monitoring and sampling for agents such as hazardous substances, noise and heat
- Job hazard identification checklists
- > Employee reporting of workplace safety and health hazards
- Employee hazard abatement suggestions
- > Preventative maintenance inspections
- > Engineering controls
- > Administrative controls
- Personal Protective Equipment
- > Management and Employee Training

<u>*Grand Rapids Public Utilities*</u> may use the enclosed forms to assist in the identification, analysis, and control of hazards:

- ➢ SP 1 − Hazard Inventory
- SP 2 Safety Inspection Checklist
- SP 3 Report of Unsafe Conditions
- SP 4 Hazard Elimination Evaluation Control Worksheet
- SP 5 Job Hazard Analysis
- SP 6 Indoor Environmental Audit
- SP 7 Personal Exposure Monitoring
- SP 8 Certification of Employee Training
- SP 10 FROI Packet
- > SP-11- Safety Action Report

Communication

All managers and supervisors are responsible for communicating with all workers about occupational safety and health in a form readily understandable by all workers. Our communication system encourages all workers to inform their managers and supervisors about workplace hazards without fear of reprisal. Our communication system may include one or more of the following items:

- New worker orientation including a discussion of safety and health policies and procedures
- Review of our program
- > Training programs
- > Regularly scheduled safety meetings
- > Posted or distributed safety information
- A system for workers to anonymously inform management about workplace hazards

Contractor Duties

All contractors shall follow any Minnesota OSHA, Federal OSHA, MN DOT, MPCA and other regulatory agencies rules that pertain to their work sites in the State of Minnesota. All contractors shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising safety and health related policies, programs and work practices in connection with the performance of contractual work.

Duties to Subcontractors

Contractors that use sub-contractors shall be responsible for communicating any and all safety and health related information to those subcontractors and shall ensure that subcontractors initiate, maintain and supervise safety and health related polices, programs and work practices while performing subcontracted work.

Imminent Danger

If a Contractor's employee is exposed to an imminent danger situation, <u>**Grand**</u> <u>**Rapids Public Utilities'**</u> authorized representatives have the right to suspend the suspect operations/work task.

Imminent Danger Definition per MNOSHA:

Imminent danger situations are given top priority. An imminent danger is any condition or practice that presents a substantial probability that death or serious physical harm could occur immediately or before the danger can be eliminated through normal enforcement procedures. MNOSHA becomes aware of these situations through reports received from employees, the general public or direct observation by an investigator.

If an imminent danger situation is identified, the safety and health investigator will ask the employer to voluntarily eliminate the hazard and to remove the endangered employees from exposure. If the employer fails to do this, MN OSHA may "red tag" the equipment or job site for 72 hours.

Accident Investigation

Procedures for investigating workplace accidents, hazardous substance exposures, and near misses include:

- 1. Interviewing injured workers and witnesses.
- 2. Examining the workplace for factors associated with the accident/exposure.
- 3. Determining the cause of the accident/exposure.
- 4. Taking corrective action to prevent the accident/exposure from re-occurring; and
- 5. Recording the findings and actions taken. It should not be to affix blame.

Each contributing factor should be traced back to its root cause. A written report that describes the accident, its causes and recommendations for corrective action and prevention will be prepared and presented to management.

The goal of the investigation is to determine the basic and root causes and to assign appropriate corrective action, so the incident does not happen again. To simply attribute an accident to "employee error," without further consideration of the basic causes, deprives the organization of the opportunity to take real preventive action. Possible use of engineering controls, improved work practices and administrative controls should be considered to help employees do their jobs safely. Management practices may also be considered as a possible basic factor. For example, if there is managerial or supervisory pressure to increase production or cut costs, employees may take unsafe shortcuts in work procedures or necessary preventive maintenance may be delayed or skipped.

The Accident/Injury Investigation Form (Form SP 10) may be used.

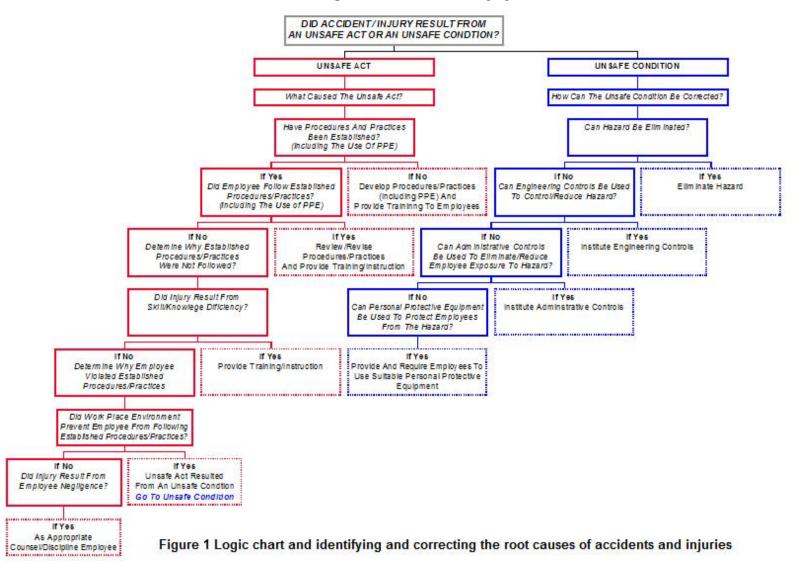


Figure 1: Accident and Injury Flowchart

Program Evaluation

The Minnesota AWAIR Act requires employers to review the entire program at least annually and document the findings. Program review is vital, because it serves as a check to see if the organization is making progress towards its goal of creating a safer, healthier workplace for all employees. The annual review keeps the program fresh, accurate and an integral part of the organization.

The AWAIR Program Audit Form (Form SP-9) shall be used as a tool and record of the annual audit.

FORM SP-1 HAZARD INVENTORY

This checklist provides general guidance for the identification of common work place hazards. It is not all inclusive. The employer must customize the form for the specific work place.

Check ($\sqrt{}$) those hazards that are present or that are likely to be present in the work place. Identify the source and location of each hazard that is present or likely to be present in the workplace. Evaluate and provide for the control all hazards identified in accordance with applicable regulations. Provide for employee information and training on all hazards identified in accordance with applicable regulations.

Facility: _____ Area/Operation: _____ Affected Positions: _____ Date: _____ Date: _____ Source And Location Of Hazard **Potential Hazard** Potential Harm (√) (identify hazard) If Present ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS May cause stress, fatigue and/or loss of Noise. hearing. May interfere with communication and thereby contribute to accidents/injuries. May cause illness, injury and/or death. Air contaminants. May cause heat cramps, heat exhaustion Hot environments. and/or heat stroke. Serious cases may cause delayed injury or death. May cause frostbite and/or hypothermia. Cold environments. May cause illness or worker to slip, trip or fall. Wet environments. May result in injury or death. May contain atmospheric, entrapment, Confined spaces. engulfment and/or other serious hazards May result in injury or death. May interfere with worker's ability to recognize Lighting. job site safety and health hazards. May result in injury or death. Disease causing organisms or agents. May Biological. cause illness or death. Microwave and other non-ionizing May cause thermal burns and heat build up in body tissues or other bodily injury. May result in radiation injury or death.

(√) If Present	Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard
HAZA	RDOUS MATERIALS		
	Toxic substances.	May cause illness, injury or death.	
	Flammable substances.	May cause fire/explosion and/or illness, injury or death.	
	Reactive substances.	May react violently with other substances and/or cause illness, injury or death.	
	Corrosive substances.	May corrode metal, react violently with other substances and/or cause illness, injury or death	
	Compressed gasses.	Cylinder may rupture and/or become a missile. Gas may be toxic, flammable, reactive, toxic and/or corrosive.	
	Infectious materials or disease causing agents.	Disease causing organisms or agents. May cause illness or death.	
	Radioactive materials.	May cause radiation burns and radiation sickness.	
	Asbestos containing materials.	Asbestos is known to cause asbestosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma.	
	Lead containing materials.	Lead is known to cause acute or chronic lead poisoning and/or injury to reproductive system. Know to cause birth defects.	
	Known carcinogens.	Cancer. May result in illness, death deformations or genetic changes.	
	Hot or molten materials.	May cause thermal burns. May produce harmful fumes.	
	Cryogenic liquids.	May cause frostbite. High expansion ratio (liquid to gas). Gas may be toxic, flammable, reactive, toxic and/or corrosive.	

(√) If Present	Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard
PHYS	CAL HAZARDS		
	Wet, slippery or cluttered floors, stairs or landings.	May cause worker to slip, trip or fall. May result in injury or death.	
	Floor openings or holes.	May cause worker to slip, trip or fall. May result in injury or death.	
	Unguarded platforms.	Worker may fall. May result in injury or death.	
	Rotating or moving machinery.	Worker may become caught between moving parts. May result in injury or death.	
	Hand and power tools.	Use may cause lacerations abrasions, fractures, amputations and/or electrocutions. May result in injury or death.	
	Abrasive grinders.	Use results in flying particles. Wheel may explode. May cause face/eye injuries.	
	Compressed air for cleaning.	Use may result in flying particles. May cause face/eye injuries.	
	Pressure vessels - air, steam, water or gas.	Mechanical explosion. May result in injury or death.	
	Fixed electrical equipment.	Electrocution and/or fire. May result in injury or death.	
	Portable electrical equipment and extension cords.	Electrocution and/or fire. May result in injury or death.	
	Head hazards (e.g. falling objects/bumps to head).	Worker could be struck. May result in injury or death.	
	Eye/face hazards (e.g. flying particles, harmful light and chemicals).	May cause blindness or injuries to face (e.g. cuts, thermal burns and chemical exposure/burns). May result in injury or death.	
	Hand hazards (e.g. sharp objects, heat/fire and chemicals).	May cause lacerations, abrasions, thermal burns and chemical burns/exposure. May result in injury or death.	

(√) If Present	Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard
PHYS	CAL HAZARDS, continued		
	Torso hazards (e.g. sharp objects heat/fire and chemicals).	May cause lacerations, abrasions, thermal burns and chemical burns/exposure. May result in injury or death.	
	Foot hazards (e.g. rolling or falling objects).	May cause lacerations and fractures. May also result in chemical exposure/burns.	
	Belt, chain and screw conveyors.	Worker may become caught between moving parts. May result in injury or death.	
	Hot surfaces/equipment.	Worker could receive thermal burns. Could ignite a fire. May result in injury or death.	
	Material storage.	May result in fire, falling object and/or slip, trip and fall hazards. May result in injury or death.	
	Hoists, cranes, slings and chains.	Equipment could fail. Employee could be struck by a falling object. May result in injury or death.	
	Limited exits and/or complex floor plan.	Workers may become trapped in a fire. May result in injury or death.	

Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard (identify hazard)
NOMIC HAZARDS	<u> </u>	
Workers routinely perform the same or pattern of motion within 30 seconds	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Workers routinely maintain a fixed or awkward posture.	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Workers routinely use vibrating tools or equipment.	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Workers engage in unassisted frequent heavy lifting.	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Workers routinely use forceful hand exertions.	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Workers use tools which are not designed for the job.	May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability.	
Employees frequently work an extended or rotating shift schedule.	May cause stress and fatigue. May contribute to injuries and accidents.	
Employees may be required to work double shifts.	May cause stress and fatigue. May contribute to injuries and accidents.	
	NOMIC HAZARDS Workers routinely perform the same or pattern of motion within 30 seconds Workers routinely maintain a fixed or awkward posture. Workers routinely use vibrating tools or equipment. Workers engage in unassisted frequent heavy lifting. Workers routinely use forceful hand exertions. Workers use tools which are not designed for the job. WORKK Employees frequently work an extended or rotating shift schedule. Employees may be required to work	NOMIC HAZARDS Workers routinely perform the same or pattern of motion within 30 seconds May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. Workers routinely maintain a fixed or awkward posture. May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. Workers routinely use vibrating tools or equipment. May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. Workers engage in unassisted frequent heavy lifting. May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. Workers routinely use forceful hand exertions. May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. Workers use tools which are not designed for the job. May cause injuries to muscles, tendons and joints. May result in injury and/or disability. WORKK Employees frequently work an extended or rotating shift schedule. May cause stress and fatigue. May contribute to injuries and accidents. Employees may be required to work May cause stress and fatigue. May contribute to injuries and accidents.

(√) If Present	Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard
WORK	RELATED HAZARDS	<u> </u>	
	Employees handle/use hazardous chemicals.	May cause illness, injury or death.	
	Employees remove or encapsulate asbestos.	Asbestos is known to cause asbestosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma. May result in illness and death.	
	Employees sand, grind, cut or weld on lead containing materials.	Lead is known to cause acute or chronic lead poisoning and/or injury to reproductive system. May result in illness and death.	
	Employees service or perform maintenance on equipment/machines.	Worker may become caught between moving parts. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform maintenance on electrical equipment.	Electrocution. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees enter permit confined spaces.	May contain atmospheric, entrapment, engulfment and/or other serious hazards May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform work from unguarded elevated surfaces.	Worker may fall. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform work in excavations and trenches.	Trench may cave-in. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform work on streets/roads	Worker may be struck by a vehicle. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform work in close proximity to heavy equipment.	Worker may be struck by a vehicle. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees operate heavy equipment (e.g. end loaders, trucks and ect.)	Vehicular accidents. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees operate forklifts.	Vehicular accidents. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees operate aerial lift trucks.	Boom could contact power line. Employee could fall. May result in injury or death.	

(√) If Present	Potential Hazard	Potential Harm	Source And Location Of Hazard
WORK	RELATED HAZARDS, continue	d	
	Employees operate fixed/mobile cranes and hoists.	Worker could be struck by a falling object. Boom could contact a power line - worker electrocuted. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform welding, cutting and brazing.	Fire and explosion. Electrocution. Workers may be exposed to toxic metal fumes. May result in illness, injury or death.	
	Employees perform abrasive blasting.	Workers may be exposed to respirable silica dust and/or lead dust. May result in illness, injury or death.	
	Employees perform spray painting.	Workers may be exposed to toxic mists and sprays. Fire/explosion hazard. May result in illness, injury or death.	
	Employees come into close contact with soil or trash.	May result in tetanus if worker receives a cut, scrape or puncture wound.	
	Employees come into close contact with blood and other body fluids.	May be exposed to HIV or HBV. May result in illness and death.	
	Employees operate noisy tools and equipment.	May cause stress, fatigue and/or loss of hearing.	
	Employees work on or near high voltage electrical equipment.	Electrocution. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees perform work from ladders and/or scaffolds.	Worker may fall. May result in injury or death.	
	Employees control processes that involve hazardous chemicals.	Fire, explosion and/or exposure to a toxic or corrosive chemical. May result in illness, injury or death.	
	Employees operate fixed machines and equipment.	Equipment failures may result in fire/explosion, electrocution and/or flying material. May result in injury or death.	

Potential Harm (√) If Present **Potential Hazard** Source And Location Of Hazard (identifv hazard) **EMPLOYEE EMERGENCY RESPONSE DUTIES** Designated employees have a duty to May be exposed to HIV or HBV. May result in illness and death. provide first aid/CPR. Designated employees have a duty to May result in thermal burns and/or the inhalation of hot/toxic smoke. May result in extinguish fires. injury or death. May be exposed to flammable, reactive, toxic or Designated employees have a duty to corrosive chemicals. May result in illness, injury respond to hazardous chemical spills. or death. Designated employees have a duty to May be exposed to a atmospheric, entrapment, engulfment, fire, fall, electrical and/or moving perform rescues. equipment hazards. May result in injury or death. **OTHER HAZARDS**

(√) If Present Source And Location Of Hazard **Potential Hazard** Potential Harm **OTHER HAZARDS**

FORM SP-2 SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST

This checklist provides general guidance for the identification and correction of common work place hazards. It is not all inclusive. The employer must customize the form for the specific work place. Draw a line through those items that do not apply. Check ($\sqrt{}$) all unsatisfactory items/conditions and indicate location if applicable. Correct those unsatisfactory items/conditions that you are capable of correcting. Identify those items/conditions that need further action on reverse side. Note any new hazards. Review completed checklist with supervisor. Supervisors are to schedule corrective actions as required and submit completed checklist to safety committee.

Postings

- □ OSHA poster
- OSHA 300 & 300A (post 2/1 to 4/30 of each year)
- □ Hazards identified by signage
- Permit confined spaces signed
- □ Non-potable water identified by signage
- □ Floor load limits identified by signage
- □ No smoking areas identified by signage
- Emergency telephone numbers posted
- Escape routes/exits identified by signage
- Emergency equipment identified by signage
- □ NFPA 704 signs posted

Written Programs: Available To Employees

- □ Hazard Communication Program
- Respiratory Protection Program
- Hearing Conservation Program
- □ Hazardous Energy Control (Lo/To) Program
- Permit Confined Spaces Program
- □ Infection Control Program
- ☐ Fire Prevention/Emergency Action Plan
- Occupational Medicine Program

Tools/Equipment

- □ Condition of electrical cords
- Condition of hand/power tools
- □ Condition of abrasive grinders
- Air nozzles pressure reduced to 30 psi
- Power tools point of operation guarded

Electrical

- □ Breakers/panels identified
- Boxes/panels closed/covered
- Exposed conductors guarded
- □ Lights guarded/protected
- \Box Condition of extension cords
- □ Circuits properly grounded

Fixed Machinery/Equipment

- Belts/pulleys guarded
- General maintenance
- Disconnects provided/identified
- Equipment properly grounded

Material Handling

- □ Condition of hoists/cranes
- □ Condition of slings/chains
- Condition of conveyors trip line functional
- Condition of fork lifts

Material Storage

- Material neatly stacked and stable
- □ Shelves organized no falling object hazard
- □ Accumulations of class A combustibles
- ☐ Aisle clear and free from obstructions
- General housekeeping

Hazardous Materials

- Proper containers
- Containers labeled
- MSDS's available
- Proper storage
- ☐ Flammables stored in approved cabinets
- Incompatibles separated
- □ Proper storage of compressed gas cylinders
- □ Flammable waste containers emptied daily
- Damaged/deteriorated ACM

Working Surfaces/Housekeeping/Sanitation

- Aisle/floors/stairs kept clear/clean/dry
- General housekeeping
- ☐ Floor openings covered/guarded
- □ Platforms/stairs guarded by railing
- Proper waste disposal
- Restrooms/locker rooms clean/sanitary
- Eating areas clean/sanitary

Ladders/Scaffolds

- □ Ladders condition/proper use
- Fixed ladders condition/fall protection
- Scaffolds condition/proper use

Confined Spaces Entry Equipment

- Personal monitors availability/calibration
- Retrieval equipment availability/condition

Emergency Equipment

- First aid kit in place/completely stocked
- Availability of persons trained in F.A./CPR
- Fire extinguishers in place/charged
- ☐ Fire alarm operates when actuated
- Eye washes/showers accessible/functional
- Emergency lights proper operation
- Exits accessible/not blocked
- SCBA's/PPE availability/condition

PPE: Condition/Storage

- Respirators
- Hard hats
- □ Face/eye protectors
- Gloves
- Protective footwear
- Protective clothing
- Electrical protective equipment
- □ Personal fall protective equipment

Safe Work Practices: Employees

- Use proper lockout/tagout procedures
- Use proper confined space entry procedures
- Use suitable personal protective equipment
- Barricade hazardous work areas
- Guard temporary floor openings
- Use proper excavation/trenching procedures
- Use personal fall protective equipment
- Use GFI's

Vehicles/Mobile Equipment

- Tires/brakes/steering/lights
- General maintenance
- Proper operation of special equipment
- First aid kit in place/completely stocked
- Fire Extinguishers in place/charged

Employee Medical/Exposure Records

Available for employee review

Describe Other Unsatisfactory Items/Conditions And/Or New Hazards

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
J.	

Summary Of Unsatisfactory Items That Need Further Action

Item	Location

Area/Vehicle Inspected:

Conducted By: _____

FORM SP-3 REPORT OF AN UNSAFE CONDITION

Instructions to employees: Briefly describe the location and nature of the unsafe condition. Identify any possible corrective actions. Sign/date the report. Submit report to your immediate supervisor.

To be completed by Employee reporting the unsafe condition

	Location:			
	Describe unsafe condition:			
	Suggested corrective actions:			
	Reported by:	Date:		
То	be completed by Supervisor			
	Received by:	Date:		
	Suggested corrective actions taken			
	Referred to safety committee			
	Comments/actions taken:			
То	be completed by Safety Committee Date reviewed/acted upon: Recommendation of safety committee:			
	Corrective actions initiated by safety committee Corrective actions referred to work unit manager fo	r review/initiation		
То	be completed by Mangement			
	Date Acted Upon:			
	Actions taken:			

FORM SP-4 HAZARD EVALUATION AND ELIMINATION/CONTROL WORKSHEET

This checklist provides general guidance for the evaluation and elimination/control of workplace safety and health hazards. It is not all inclusive. The employer must customize the form for the specific work place.

Use this worksheet to identify how hazards identified in the workplace hazard survey will be eliminated or controlled. (The worksheet may also be used to analyze specific operations or areas). For each hazard; identify the source and location of each hazard in *column 1*, identify the cause and severity of the hazard in *column 2* and the means/methods of hazard eliminate/control in *column 3*.

Facility:	Area/Operation:	
Affected Positions:	Compiled By:	Date:

Hazard Source/Location	Hazard Evaluation Identify cause and severity of hazard. Include results of personal monitoring if applicable.	Methods/Means Of Hazard Elimination/Control Identify means and methods that will be used to eliminate or control the hazard. Consider hazard elimination, engineering controls, administrative controls, procedures and work practices, employee training and personal protective equipment.

FORM SP-5 JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS

Instructions: Refer to OSHA publication 3071, Job Hazard Analysis for additional information and instructions.

Task: _____ Conducted By: _____ Date: _____ Hazard Preventive Measure Job Step Cause

Page: _____ of: _____

FORM SP-6 INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT

Name of Facility:					Conducted By:					Date:	
Location		Airborn	e Con	ontaminants			Lighting	Noise	Temperature Humidity		
	Oxygen (percent)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	% of L	EL.		Ventilation	Light Level (foot-candles)	Noise Level (dB-A)	Temperature (F°)	Relative Humidity (percent)	
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Comments:											

FORM SP-7 RESULTS OF PERSONAL EXPOSURE MONITORING

Facility:					Department or Area:					
Operation:					Employee:					
Employee SS Number:		Da	e:		Temperature: Relative Humidity:					
Type of Respirator Used By Employee:					Comments/Observations:					
Sample Type					Sampling De	vice and ID. No:				
Calibration (d	ate and results	5):			Settings/Ran	ige:				
Collection Media:					Analysis Met	thod:				
Sample Number	Start Time	Stop Time	Duration (minutes)	Calibration Flow Rate	Volume (liters)	Substance Sampled	Amount Collected	Concentration In Air		
Substance Sampled Actual Employee I				Il Employee Ex	posure	Permissible E (Pl				
Recommendations:						Sampling Condu	cted By:			



FORM SP-8 CERTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE TRAINING

Title of Training Session:									
Topics Discussed (Check Those That Apply)									
AV Mater (If Used)	AV Material: (If Used)								
Method Used To Evaluate Effectiveness of Training: (Check Method Used) Post Training Test Work									
Name of F	Facilitator:		Date:	·					
Location:			Start Time:		End Time:				



FORM SP-9 SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM AUDIT WORKSHEET

This worksheet provides general guidance for evaluating safety and health program effectiveness. It is not all inclusive. The employer must customize the form for the specific work place. Consider each program element to; (1) determine whether or not the element is in place, (2) estimate the element's overall effectiveness and (3) identify specific deficiencies and actions that can be taken to improve the effectiveness of the element.

Program Element	In P (י	lace √)	Effectiveness (√)			ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
1. Employer Commitment Employer has adopted and endorsed an effective and proactive written safety and health program that encourages employee participation.								
Employer has adopted a safety and health related vision (or policy) statement. Vision (or policy) statement has been communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Employer has adopted safety and health related policies, procedures and practices. Safety related policies, procedures and practices have been communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Employer has committed those human and material resources necessary to implement and manage the safety and health program.								

Program Element		In Place (√)		Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Employer has (established and communicated) safety and health related responsibilities for managers, supervisors and employees.								
Employer has provide means and methods for managers, supervisors and employees to meet assigned safety and health related responsibilities.								
Employer has assigned accountability by adopting and enforcing a safety program compliance policy. Managers, supervisors and employees are required to comply with safety related, policies, procedures and practices and are held accountable for their actions.								
Employer includes work place safety and health as an agenda item in staff meetings.								

Program Element	In Place (√)			Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Employer requires managers and supervisors to take a visible and active role in safety meetings and training sessions.								
2. Employee Involvement Employer provides for employee input and involvement in safety and health program. Employees (or their designated representative) have endorsed the safety and health program.								
Employer provides for employee involvement (and solicits employee input) in all matters pertaining to work place safety and health, including but, not limited to; work place hazard assessments and inspections, hazard mitigation and training.								

Program Element		lace √)		Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Employer has provided employees with an effective means to report unsafe working conditions. Employees are not subjected to retaliation or harassment for reporting unsafe acts or conditions.								
Employer schedules safety meetings and training sessions during normal working hours and/or with employees in pay status.								
Employer has established an effective and proactive safety committee. Safety committee has defined goals and objectives. Safety committee meets on a scheduled basis. Safety committee activities are communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								

Program Element		lace √)		Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
3. Hazard Control A Systematic survey has been conducted to identify all work place safety and health hazards. Results have been communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Hazards posed by new processes, machines and chemical products are identified. Results are communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Frequent walk-through safety inspections are conducted to identify unsafe acts and unsafe conditions. Results are communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
As a matter of routine first-line supervisors and employees report and/or correct unsafe acts and conditions.								

Program Element	In Place (√)			Eff	ectiven (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Appropriate methods are used to evaluate hazards to determine cause, severity and effective methods of elimination/control. Results are communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Appropriate and suitable methods are used to eliminate or control safety and health hazards. When practical and feasible hazards are either eliminated, or controlled by engineering and/or administrative controls. Employer solicits employee input when considering hazard mitigation options.								
Work place safety and health hazards are promptly corrected by managers. supervisors and employees.								
Written safety and health programs have been implemented (and communicated to managers, supervisors and employees) as required by work place hazards, employee job duties and applicable OSHA regulations. Each program is effective in meeting it's intended purpose as is periodically reviewed.								

Program Element	In P (י			Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Written procedures and work practices (SOP's) have been implemented (and communicated to managers, supervisors and employees) as required by work place hazards, employee job duties and applicable OSHA regulations. Each SOP is effective in meeting the intended purpose as is periodically								
4. Facility Maintenance Structures, vehicles and equipment are properly maintained in accordance with applicable regulations, codes and manufacture's instructions through an effective work order systems that facilitates planned maintenance and the reporting of items in need of repair.								
Effective housekeeping procedures and assignments have been established (and communicated to managers, supervisors and employees). Facility is maintained in a clean and sanitary condition.								

Program Element	n P (ז	lace √)		Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
5. Accident Analysis Managers, supervisors and employees are required to report all accidents and injuries including close calls.								
All accidents, injuries and close calls are investigated to determine root cause and appropriate corrective measures. Results are acted upon and communicated to managers, employees and supervisors.								
Accident and injury records are reviewed and analyzed to identify recurrent hazards. Results are acted upon and communicated to managers, employees and supervisors.								

Program Element		lace √)		Effectiveness (√)				Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
6. Occupational Medicine An affective and proactive occupational medicine program has been established as required by work place hazards and applicable regulations. All affected personal participate in the program. Results and recommendations are appropriately communicated and								
 7. Contractor Safety Employer has established (and abides by) a policy of retaining only qualified contractors with a demonstrable record of employee safety and health and regulatory compliance. Safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and health related duties and responsibilities for contractors (and support to the safety and safety and								
subcontractors) are clearly stated in bid and/or contract documents.								

Program Element		lace √)		Eff	ectiven (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Contractors are informed of work place hazards, safety related policies, procedures and practices in accordance with applicable regulations. Contractors are required to observe (or exceed) the host employers safety and health related policies, procedures and practices.								
8. Employee Training Employees are informed of their rights and responsibilities under the OSHA act by posting of the OSHA poster and are informed of work place injuries and illnesses by posting of the OSHA 200 Log between February 1 and March 1 of each year.								
Employees are provided with access to safety and health related information including; applicable regulations, policies, procedures, material safety data sheets and to their training, medical and exposures records. Location of said information is communicated to employees.								

Program Element	In Place (√)			Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Employees are informed of work place safety and health hazards by appropriate signs, labels and tags.								
New employees are provided with effective training that includes information on work place hazards, safety related policies, procedures and practices, and instruction on specific job duties. First line supervisors and experienced employees take an active role in the training of new employees. The training is documented								
In-service topical and refresher training and instruction is provided on routine and scheduled basis as required by applicable regulations, new hazards, procedural changes and deficient work practices. The training is documented.								
Work unit supervisors conduct frequent job briefings, tool box safety talks and/or tailgate safety talks to communicate safety and health related information and/or work specific hazards and hazard control procedures.								

Program Element In Place (√)				Eff	ectiven (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Employees actively participate in safety training and communicate training needs to management.								
Appropriate means and methods are								
used to evaluate the effectiveness of training.								
9. Emergency Response Effective and proactive policies, procedures and practices have been established (and communicated to managers, supervisors and employees) to prevent fires and other work place emergencies. Procedures are established in a fire prevention plan.								

Program Element	In P (^			Eff	ectivene (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Emergency equipment (exits and exit ways, fire extinguishers, first aid kits, emergency eye wash stations and showers and emergency lights) is installed, inspected and maintained in accordance with applicable regulations. Emergency telephone numbers are consciously posted.								
Duties and procedures to be followed in all reasonably foreseeable emergencies have been identified in an emergency action plan. Plan has been communicated to managers, supervisors and employees.								
Managers, supervisors and employees are provided with emergency response training as required by assigned duties and applicable regulations. Personnel trained in CPR/first aid a readily available at work place.								
Local fire department has been informed of work place hazards in accordance with applicable regulations, has toured the facility and has developed emergency plan.								

Program Element		lace √)		Eff	ectiven (√)	ess		Identify Specific Deficiencies And Actions That Can Be Taken To Improve Program Effectiveness
	Yes	No	1 (poor)	2	3 (fair)	4	5 (Excellent)	
Audit Conducted By: _								Date:



PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

500 SE 4th Street PO Box 658 Grand Rapids, Minnesota 55744 Telephone (218) 326-7024 TDD (218) 326-7487 FAX (218) 326-7499

Memorandum

To:	GRPUC Department Managers
CC:	HR Assistant Flannigan, HR Assistant
From:	Julie Kennedy, General Manager
Date:	May 16, 2017
Re:	First Report of Injury (FROI) Submittal Process

Please communicate to all employees within your department the following process for submitting First Report of Injury (FROI) paperwork for an employee experiencing a work-related accident. These steps should be completed within 24 hours of the accident.

- 1. The Employee immediately notifies their Supervisor of the work-related accident. If their Supervisor is unavailable, notify General Manager.
- Together, the Employee completes the *Employee Incident Report Form* (either fillable or hard copy) and the Supervisor (or General Manager if Supervisor is unavailable) completes the *Supervisor's Report of Accident Form* (either fillable or hard copy). Forms can be found in the following folder: P:\Managers\Managers Forms\Accident Reporting.

DO NOT SAVE FORMS – COMPLETE, PRINT, SIGN AND THEN CLOSE DOCUMENT WITHOUT SAVING.

- 3. The Supervisor prints both forms and the Employee and Supervisor each sign and date their Form. The Supervisor scans both signed Forms to the HR Assistant (or General Manager if HR Assistant is unavailable) and place hard copies in HR Assistant's mailbox.
- 4. The HR Assistant (or General Manager if HR Assistant is unavailable) completes the *FROI Form* and submits it to the LMCIT Workers' Compensation Claims Department. General Manager is copied on submittal.
- 5. The HR Assistant (or General Manager if HR Assistant is unavailable) provides a copy of the submitted *FROI Form* and *Minnesota Workers' Compensation System Employee Information Sheet* to the Employee.
- 6. The HR Assistant (or General Manager if HR Assistant is unavailable) emails the Safety Manager and Union President the completed *FROI Form* with confidential information redacted.
- 7. The HR Assistant (or General Manager if HR Assistant is unavailable) notifies the Employee and the Safety Manager of future correspondence from the LMCIT Workers' Compensation Claims Department.

Forms:

- A. Employee Incident Report
- B. Supervisor's Report of Accident
- C. First Report of Injury (FROI)
- D. Minnesota Workers' Compensation System Employee Information Sheet

EMPLOYEE INCIDENT REPORT

Note: Please complete this for if you need medical attention,	rm and , call:	l retur	rn it to your su	pervisor immediat	ely. Please complete each question and				
				Date of Birth:					
Phone Number:									
Department:									
Supervisor:			Who did y	ou notify of this in	ncident?				
					y Occurred: S M T W TH F S				
Location of Incident:									
Describe exactly what happened work location, work tasks, etc.					ils pertaining to equipment, environment				
			Iı	ndicate on the Di	agram the location of your injury(ies):				
Was first aid administered?	Yes	No	When?		By whom?				
Did you go to the Hospital?	Yes	No	When?		Where?				
Did you go to the Clinic?	Yes	No	When?		Where?				
					ical attention? Yes No e?				
Do you intend to seek addition			-	-					
					When?				
What actions do you intend to	take to	o avoi	d this in the fut						
Do you have other regular emp	oloym	ent? [Yes No						
Employee's Signature:					Date:				
ANY PERSON WHO, WITH THE INTE	NT TO	DEFRA	UD, RECEIVES W	ORKERS' COMPENSA	TION BENEFITS TO WHICH THE PERSON IS NOT				

ANY PERSON WHO, WITH THE INTENT TO DEFRAUD, RECEIVES WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS TO WHICH THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED BY KNOWINGLY MISREPRESENTING, MISSTATING, OR FAILING TO DISCLOSE ANY MATERIAL FACT IS GUILTY OF THEFT AND SHALL BE SENTENCED PURSUANT TO SECTION 609.52, SUBDIVISION3, MNWC STATE STATUTE 60A.955.

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT OF ACCIDENT

This form should be completed by the supervisor as soon after a work accident as possible. It is useful in gathering information for investigating accidents and their

causes so that corrective action can be take	en and future accidents avoided. Every accident shoul	Id be investigated and the causes corrected.					
Name of Employee:	City/City Organization:	Dept.:	·				
Date of Accident:	Time of Accident: Dic	d employee lose time from work? YES NO					
Hours lost on day of accident:	Has employee re	eturned to work? YES NO					
Employee's job title:Years of employee's service with City/City organization:							
Years employee has been in present job:	Number of hours	s employee works per week:					
	IONEST COMMENTS ON QUESTION NE. YOUR OPINION MAY HELP US I	S BELOW. WE ARE NOT TRYING TO PREVENT ACCIDENT REPETITION.					
PLEASE ANSWER THE FOLLOWING	·	CHECK "Y	ES" OR "NO"				
 DID INJURED PEI WAS NECESSARY DID POOR HOUSI DID HORSEPLAY WAS INJURY CAI SHOULD A GUAF DID ANY BODILY WAS INJURY CAI 	RSON VIOLATE ANY INSTRUCTIONS? Y PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WORN? (IF APPLIC KEEPING CONTRIBUTE TO INJURY? CAUSE THE INJURY? JSED BY SOMETHING THAT NEEDED REPAIRS D BE PROVIDED? Y DEFECT CONTRIBUTE TO INJURY? JSED BY AN UNSAFE ACT?	E AND EFFICIENT METHODS?					
ACCIDENT. (Describe what the injured	employee was doing at the time of the accident, what	happened, who was involved, nature of the injury.)					
UNSAFE ACTS. (Did the injured emplo		ilding or premises was involved?)					
		caused the injury?)					
REMEDIES . (What should the employer	do to prevent other injuries like this?)						
Name of Doctor or Hospital:		If yes, please complete the following: Date of initial visit: Telephone number:					
	AT THIS INJURY SHOULD BE COVERED UNI	DER WORKERS' COMPENSATION? YES					

MN Department of Labor and Industry Workers' Compensation Division (651) 284-5032 or 1-800-342-5354

First Report of Injury See Instructions on Reverse Side

See Instructions on Reverse Si Print in ink or type

Enter dates in MM/DD/YYYY format



DO NOT USE THIS SPACE

1. EMPLOYEE SOCIAL	SECURITY #	2. OSHA case #	3. Time employee began work on date of injury] am] pm							
4. DATE OF CLAIMED	INJURY 5. Til of inj		am 6. D	Date of	death			ndents to injur	(if dea	ath						
	pm						- orato a	to ingai	<i>,</i>							
7. EMPLOYEE Name (la	8. Gen															
10. Home address				11. Home phone #						of birth			13.	13. Date hired		
City	State	Zip Code		14. Occupation				15.	15. Regular department				16.	16. Apprentice		
		. 10	00 De		Norma		a a la a al ce							Yes	Ц	No
17. Average weekly wag	le 18. Rate pe hour	r 19. Hours per day	per 20. Days week								nployment (check all	Full	time	F	Part time	
22. Tell us how the injury/									<u> </u>	that ap		Seasonal				olunteer
lift truck with a pallet of boxe 23. What was the injury or	illness (include	the part(s) of body)?	? Example		24. \	What to	ols, equ	ipment,	machi	ines, obj	ects, or sub	ostano	Ces we	ere invol	-	
chemical burn left hand, bro		·						·			truck, compl		-			
25. Did injury occur on e	mployer's prem	nises? 2	26. Date	of first	day of a	any los	time	27. Em	ń .		or lost time		-			
Yes No Name and address of th	e place of the c		Doto	omploy	Yes No No lost time on DOI											
			20. Date 6	empioye	employer notified of injury 29. Date employer notified of lost time											
30. Return 33. Treating physician (name) 34. Extent of None					vork date 31. RTW same employer 32. RTW with restrictions Yes No Yes No											
					ncy room Hospitalization more than 24 hours											
36. EMPLOYER Legal name					37. EMPLOYER DBA name (if different)											
38. Mailing address					39.	39. Employer FEIN 40. Unemployment ID #										
City State Zip Code					41. Employer's contact name and phone #											
42. Physical address (if different)					43.	43. Witness (name and phone) - if more than 1 attach a separate sheet										
City State Zip Code					44.	44. NAICS code 45. Date form completed										
46. INSURER name					51.	51. CLAIMS ADMIN COMPANY (CA) name (check one)										
47. Insured legal name and FEIN					52. CA address											
48. Policy # (including effective dates) or self-insured certificate #				City	City State Zip Code											
49. Insurer FEIN	5	0. Date insurer rece	eived noti	се	53.	53. CA FEIN 54. CA claim #										
55. To be completed by the CA :	Claim type code	e: Type of loss	code:	La	te reas	reason code: Sa				alary paid in lieu of comp? D			Death result of injury?			

MN FR01 (3/16)

Employer: Send copies to Insurer (or Workers' Compensation Division if no insurer), employee, and employee's union (if applicable)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EMPLOYER

Employers, not employees, are responsible for completing this form. The information is needed to determine liability and entitlement to benefits. You must file this form with your insurer, and give a copy to the employee and the employee's local union office. You are required to provide the employee with a copy of the Employee Information Sheet, which is available on the Department of Labor and Industry's web site at <u>www.dli.mn.gov</u>.

Filing this form is not an admission of liability. You must report a claim to your insurer whenever anyone believes that a workrelated injury or illness that requires medical care or where lost time from work has occurred. If the claimed injury wholly or partially incapacitates the employee for more than three calendar days, the claim must be made on this form and reported to your insurer within ten days. Your insurer may require you to file it sooner. Failure to file within the ten days may result in penalties. It is important to file this form quickly to allow your insurer time to investigate the claim. Your insurer will report the injury to the Department of Labor and Industry (Department), when necessary. Self-insured employers have 14 days to report the injury to the Department, when necessary.

If the claim involves death or serious injury (including injuries that later result in death), you must notify the Department and your insurer within 48 hours of the occurrence. The claim can be reported initially to the Department by telephone (651-284-5041), fax (651-284-5731), or personal notice. The initial notice must be followed by the filing of this form with the Department within **seven** days of the occurrence, at P.O. Box 64221, St. Paul, MN 55164-0221.

SEND THIS FORM TO YOUR INSURER IMMEDIATELY – DO NOT WAIT FOR THE DOCTOR'S REPORT

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EMPLOYER ON COMPLETING THIS FORM

- Item 2: OSHA case #. Fill in the case number from the OSHA 300 log. This form contains all items required by the OSHA form 301.
- Items 17-21: Fill in all the wage information. If the employee does not work a regularly scheduled work week, attach a 26 week
 wage statement so your insurer can calculate the appropriate average weekly wage. Attach a separate sheet giving the weekly
 value of any meals, lodging, or 2nd income paid to the employee.
- Item 20: Fill in the average number of days per week that the employee works. Also include their normal work schedule, Sunday Saturday, by checking the appropriate boxes. If the employee's work schedule fluctuates from week-to-week, leave the boxes blank.
- Items 22-24: Be as specific as possible in describing: the events causing the injury; the nature of the injury (cut, sprain, burn, etc.), and the part(s) of body injured (back, arm, etc.); and the tools, equipment, machines, objects or substances involved.
- Item 26: Fill in the first day the employee lost any time from work (including time lost for medical treatment), even if you paid the employee for the lost time.
- Item 27: Check the appropriate box to indicate if there was lost time on the date of injury and whether you paid for that lost time.
- Item 28: Fill in the date you first became aware of the injury or illness.
- Item 29: Fill in the date you became aware that the lost time indicated in Item 26 was related to the claimed injury.
- Item 30: Leave the box blank if the employee has not returned to work by the time you file this form. If the employee has returned to
 work, fill in the date and answer the questions in Items 31 and 32. Notify your insurer if the employee misses time due to this injury
 after that date.
- Item 34: Check all the boxes that apply AT the time you file this form.
- Item 39: Fill in your Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN). For information, see <u>https://www.irs.gov/Businesses/Small-Businesses-&-Self-Employed/Lost-or-Misplaced-Your-EIN</u>.
- Items 40 and 44: Fill in your Unemployment ID number and North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code, which are both assigned by the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Program (651-296-6141).
- Items 46-54: Your insurer or claims administrator will complete this information if you do not have it available.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE INSURER/CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR (For first reports of injury filed on or after Jan. 1, 2014)

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, and Minnesota Rules, part 5220.2530, insurers and self-insured employers must file with the Department's Workers' Compensation Division an electronic first report of injury, according to the requirements set out in sections 2 to 4 of the Minnesota implementation guide, in all cases where a first report of injury is required to be filed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176. The Minnesota implementation guide can be found on the Department's website at www.dli.mn.gov/WC/Edi.asp.

A first report of injury submitted by the insurer or self-insured employer in any other manner or format is not considered filed with the division, except for a written first report of injury on a paper form filed by a self-insured employer within seven days of death or serious injury.

If the claim does not involve lost time beyond the waiting period or potential permanent partial disability (PPD), or has not been requested to be filed by the Department, a first report of injury does **not** need to be filed.

This material can be made available in different forms, such as large print, Braille or audio. To request, call (651) 284-5032 or 1-800-342-5354 Voice or TDD (651) 297-4198

ANY PERSON WHO, WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD, RECEIVES WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS TO WHICH THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED BY KNOWINGLY MISREPRESENTING, MISSTATING, OR FAILING TO DISCLOSE ANY MATERIAL FACT IS GUILTY OF THEFT AND SHALL BE SENTENCED PURSUANT TO SECTION 609.52, SUBDIVISION 3.

Minnesota Workers' Compensation System Employee Information Sheet

What does workers' compensation pay for?

- Medical care for the work injury, as long as it is reasonable and necessary
- Wage-loss benefits for part of your lost income (there is a three-calendar-day waiting period before these benefits start)
- Benefits for permanent damage or loss of function of a body part
- Benefits to your spouse and/or dependents if you die of a work injury
- Vocational rehabilitation services if you cannot return to your pre-injury job or to your pre-injury employer

How are workers' compensation benefits paid?

Your workers' compensation benefits are paid by an insurance company or your employer, if your employer is self- insured. State law sets the benefit levels. Please note: pursuant to statute, the insurer can obtain medical information specific to your work injury without your authorization.

If the insurer <u>accepts</u> your claim for wage loss benefits and you have been disabled for more than three calendar days:

- The insurer will send you a copy of the *Notice of Insurer's Primary Liability Determination* form stating your claim is accepted.
- The insurer must start paying wage-loss benefits within 14 days of the date your employer knows about your work injury and lost wages. The insurer must pay benefits on time. Wage-loss benefits are paid at the same intervals as your work paychecks.

If the insurer denies your claim for wage loss benefits:

- The insurer will send you a copy of the *Notice of Insurer's Primary Liability Determination* form stating it is denying primary liability for your claim. The form must clearly explain the facts and reasons why the insurer believes your injury or illness did not result from your work.
- If you disagree with the denial, you should talk with the insurance claims adjuster who is handling your claim. Your employer's insurance company can answer most questions about your claim.

Insurer name: League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust Phone: 651-281-1200 or 1800-925-1122

• If you are not satisfied with the response you receive from the insurer and still disagree with the denial, you should contact the Department of Labor and Industry at one of the numbers listed below to see what to do next.

If you have other questions or need more help, call:

Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry Worker's Compensation Hoteline:

Twin Cities and Southern Minnesota:	(651) 284-5005 or 1-800-342-5354; TTY (651) 297-4198
Duluth and Northern Minnesota:	(218) 733-7810 or 1-800-342-5354

Your call will be answered by experienced workers' compensation specialists, who will provide **instant**, accurate **information and assistance**.

Additional workers' compensation information is available on the department's Web site at:

www.dli.mn.gov/WorkComp.asp

Your employer is required by law to give you this information. This material can be made available in different formats, such as large print, Braille or audio, by calling the numbers printed above.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION SAFETY ACTION REPORT

Name of Employee		Depart	ment
Name of Supervisor			
Job Title	Date & Ti	ime of Injury	
Witnesses			
□ First Aid Case	□ Medical Case	🗆 No Injury	□ Property Damage
Describe the extent	of injury listing par	t of body injured	/property damage:
Describe in detail ho	w the accident oc	curred:	
Was the point of acc	cident guarded? □]Yes □No	
-			vhich rule?
Was the employee	informed, acquair	nted, and prope	ly trained in the operation taking
place when the acci	dent occurred? □	Yes 🗆 No	If so, why not?
What was the prima	ary unsafe act or	unsafe conditio	n, which was the most significant
factor in causing the	accident?		
What time did Safet	y Action Team rep	ort to scene of a	ccident?
Chief Investigator's	signature		Date
Attention Investigato	or: Deliver immedi	ately to the Safe	ty Action Team Chairman. What
action, if any, has be	en taken in the ab	oove accident? _	
Safety Action Team	Chairman		Date
Copies to: General	Manager, Employe	ee's Dept Manag	ger, Secretary Safety Committee